As well might the mechanics and laboring men of our own country complain that Providence is against them because He has said to the nations of the world as never before in all the history, 'Let there be peace,' and has turned the skill and energy of laborers and capital to productions which have supplied markets where our own productions have heretofore gone.
"No, no, these maligners who are attempting to break down the reputation of our Nation and have in mind their own selfish interests, will not make the candid and intelligent people of this Nation be lieve that there has been a conspiracy composed of bankers, Wall street, Rothschilds, corporations, capitalists, Presidents of the United States and leading statesmen against the farmers, laborers and the poor greater undertaking than that, to make the public believe that the conspicuous leaders and stockholders in this highsounding, pretentious movement to elect Bryan are actuated by patriotic motives

competition with the farmers of our land.

WILL GO REPUBLICAN. Chairman Babcock Confident McKin-

only, and are the perfection of intelligence and political purity."

ley Will Carry Indiana. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 .- "Indiana will be carried by the Republicans," said Chairman Babcock, of the Republican congressional committee, to-day. "It is one State above all others where we have succeeded in stemming the tide of free-silver sentiment and turning it in the opposite direction. This has been accomplished since the adjournment of Congress. When the Republican members of the House from Indiana went home after the adjournment they found the sound-money outlook rather gloomy. There was apparently a strong free-coinage feeling among the people. It had been produced by the efforts of the free-coinage men during a long period of action. We went into the campaign in earnest, and confined our efforts to counteracting the erroneous impressions that had been fostered by the silverite politicians. We sent sound-money literature into Indiana in quantities sufficient to leave no excuse for any one to claim ignorance on the financial question. This literature is of a character to guarantee its wide dis It was not a partisan matter attracting the opposition and making what might be called a strictly party exposition of Republicanism, but was a plain presentation of the facts and figures of the financial case, given in a manner to carry conviction to the mind of the reader. The literature was received with the greatest eagerness by the people. They were evidntly anxious to be informed on finances. The one-sided arguments of the free-coinage men had apparently not fully convinced them, and they were eager to hear the whole story. The effect is already apparent. Indiana will go Republican. I am as sure of Indiana will go Republican.

Indiana as I am of Wisconsin.
"There are some other States which the Democrats have been claiming that will be found in the Republican column. Kentucky is bound to go Republican. My information from that State leaves no doubt in my mind of the result of the November elections. We will carry Maryland and Wes Virginia. Illinois I regard as safely Repub lican also. I mention these States in par-ticular because the Democrats have been inclined to claim them as their own person-

HARDY-MIERS DEBATE.

Joint Meeting Held in the Bloomingcourthouse tard.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Congressman Hardy and Judge Miers had a beautiful day for their joint meeting. The meeting was held in the courthouse yard here, where an audience of over 2,000 had gathered. Before the appearance of the debaters A. H. Motsinger, the Populist candidate, made a little speech from the platform and said that he had been denied the privilege of engaging in the debate, but would speak on his own hook at its conclusion. The stage was handsome ly decorated. On one side the front were portraits of McKinley and Mount, on the other, Bryan and Shively.

Judge Miers opened the debate, made smooth and catching speech and was attentively listened to and frequently apbut it was plain that the sympathy of the crowd was not Judge when his opponent was announced The appearance of Congressman Hardy a the front of the platform was the signator an outburst of cheers that continued for several moments. This ovation was particularly gratifying to the friends of the Republican candidate, as this is the Lome of Judge Miers. The Judge's speech was an excellent one, and he made the most of the opportunity, but his arguments were met and battered out of all shape by Congressman Hardy, who was in fine trim as an electric flash. Nearly every one of sentences was wildly plauded. Hardy's most sanguine and en husiastic friends could not ask for greater triumph than that which the Congress-man enjoyed in the home of his opponent The rival speakers treated each other with courtesy, and the audience was well be-

haved and appreciative.

After the joint discussion had concluded the chairman of the Democratic central committee of this county announced that the meeting was adjourned, but the crowd ealled for Motsinger, and the Populist can-didate spoke for half an hour. He ana determination to follow Hardy and Miers. The Democrats are much dis-turbed over Motsinger's action, and would like to get rid of him, but he seems to be in it to stay. Congressman Hardy an-nounced at the opening of the meeting that he was willing to divide the time with the Populist, but the Democrats refused to consent to this.

REMARKS OF THE RILEYS

Concerning the Indianapolis Sentinel and Its Thorntown Reporter.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Our attention has just been called to the Sentinel's Thorntown item, in its issue of Aug. 27, in which it purports to give an interview with our father, James Riley, relative to his conversion from Republican lieve, and which we do believe, to the espousal of the Popocratic heresies. Our father has taught us from childhood that the Sentinel is the most unreliable, untruthful and un-American paper published, and we believe he was right. It has but one equal for downright lying and misrepresentation, and that is its Thorntown correspondent. Our father was not in the seed-wheat business "when we had freesilver coinage," nor for many years thereafter to any extent, and the truth is the zenith of his fame as a seed-wheat dealer was reached under the Harrison adminis-tration, when the McKinley protection and reciprocity gave us the best markets for everything we raised, we ever had, which policy our father voted for and strenuously ivocated until very recently. The injus tice of the article and the glaring untruthulness of it have no justification whatever, in that it says the father's views are shared by two and maybe four of the gons. he correspondent knew that was untrue; he did not know it, we were close at and would have frankly told where we stood; for that matter our father would have told him the truth. The four sons, who are voters, are farmers on the James A. Mount place, whom we have been taught and have learned is the best pattern we could adopt. We are all members of a ablican club, and have together signed the following pledge: We, the undersigned, sons of James of Thorntown, Boone county, Indiana, hereby pledge ourselves to support the entire Republican ticket at the coming

WILLIAM GRANT RILEY. JOSEPH RILEY. HOWARD RILEY.

WALTER RILEY. Thorntown, Ind., Sept. 7.

Mr. Johnson's Observations.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RUSHVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Representative Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, in a conversation with a representative of the their refusal. No, Mr. Li Hung Chang, we Journal, gave some if his impressions of the present campaign. In all the cam- till you crushed the manhood out of your paigns in which he has taken part he has | people. If you are ever to hold your ow never, he said, seen the equal of the interest at present aroused among the masses over the political issues, and especially in the monetary question. This, Mr. Johnson says, will be productive of vast good. The people are becoming educated on economic questions, and the morey question, heretofore clouded in darkness, is now being thoroughly sifted, and light exists where of this is that the peculiar fallacies which gained circulation early in the campaign are being ventilated, and many bubbles that simpler method of curious we have a simpler method of curious transfer of the public state.

Black .

paign of education, the benefit of which will be derived by the people in more ways

Asked about the Sixth district, Mr. John on said he had made a personal canvas of but a few counties, but from what he had seen he was firmly convinced that an overwhelming Republi an majority will follow the November election. The people, as they become better posted, easily see through the thin gauze of free-silver argu-ments, and where a few were led astray for the moment no faster friends of sound money can now be found anywhere.

The Campaign in Pike. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PETERSBURG, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The first pole raising in Pike county occurred Saturday afternoon in the eastern part of this place, on what is commonly called Mullen hill. The Republican workingmen of this part of town, aided by scores of others from various sections, raised a McKinley and Hobart pole 125 feet in height. After the pole raising the people present were agreeably entertained by two stirring speeches by Grant Faith and L. E. Woolsey. Last night, at the Republican clubrooms, James F. Stutesman, of Peru, made one of the best speeches ever listened to one of the best speeches ever listened to by a Petersburg audience. There were nearly one thousand people present to hear Republicanism expounded, and the entire speech was interspersed with frequent ap-

Rushville's Big McKinley Club.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. RUSHVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The following letter from Major McKinley was read at the last meeting of the Rushville Mc-Kinley Club:

"Canton, O., Aug. 27. "Mr. James M. Feits, Rushville, Ind.:
"My Dear Sir—The lively interest taken in the campaign by the Republicans of Rushville is certainly very encouraging." Please present my complements and best wishes to the members of your organizawishes to the member tion. Yours very truly. "WM. M'KINLEY."

The McKinley Club continues to grow, and its membership is now close to 1,000. Republicans with a measure of pride point to it as the banner political club, in point of members, in the State.

Werrell in Johnson County. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FRANKLIN, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Capt. John Worrall closed his week's engagement in this county Saturday night with a rousing meeting at Whiteland. The importance of his work this week in Johnson can not be overvalued. His speeches were of the kind needed, and his willingness and abiiity to give information on every point de-sired render his meetings of peculiar value. The Populists and other free-silverists seemed to have prepared for a general effort to corner him with questions. every meeting these men were present with lists of questions which they poured in upen him with the confident expectation of cornering him and witnessing his con-fusion. But for all he had intelligent and

Railroad Men's Club Growing.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. LOGANSPORT, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The Railroad Men's Sound-money Club held a rousing meeting here to-night and increased its membership to 804. Preparations are being made for a big rally of railroad men here on the evening of Wednesday, Sept. 16, when J. T. Brooks, second vice presi-dent of the Pennsylvania, a lifelong Dem-ocrat, will address the club. Excursions will be run from all the near-by towns.

Meeting at New Point.

clal to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Hon Thomas E. Davidson and Will Ehrhardt addressed the Republicans at New Point Saturday night. The Republicans in Salt Creek township are well organized, enthusiastic and are receiving daily additions. Much enthusiasm was manifested at the

Boyd in Clarke County. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SOLON, Ind., Sept. 7 .- L. A. Douglass, of Jeffersonville, has organized a McKinley club of sixty-nine members here, and a McKinley pole two hundred feet high has been raised. Senator Thomas E. Boyd delivered an excellent speech, which has been

highly complimented by all who heard it. EARL LI SCORED.

His Criticism of Irishmen Denounced as Unjust.

Baltimore Sun. While Li Hung Chang is a very shrewd and wily old politician of the Chinese pattern, his statesmanship in some respects is of a narrow and limited order characteristic of the semi-civilized and unprogressive nation to which he belongs. His criticism of the Irish in his interview in Ne York the other day was not only unjust, but a bad diplomatic mistake. If he were as well informed as to the affairs of this country as he should be, he would know that an attack upon so influential and so large an element of our population could not aid in securing the privileges for nese immigrants to the United States which he desires. His remarks on this whole subject betray an ignorance and misapprehension as to the genius of our institutions and the character of our pe ple which could only be expected from a Chinese statesman. "I say to you," he said to the reporters, "that to shut out cheap labor is unfair and against the best interests of your country. By excluding the Chinese and taking the Irish you get inferior labor and pay superior prices for it. A Chinaman lives a more simple life than an Irishman, and the Irish hate the Chinese because they are possessors of high virtues." It would possibly be diffi-cult to make Li Hung Chang understand that we believe in this country that it is only honest and just to pay living prices for labor-wages that will enable working ple to live like civilized human beings not like beasts of burden. We don't want tidal wave of Chinese cheap labor because if it were permitted, our laborers might in time be reduced to the pitiable plight of the average Chinaman. The condition China does not present much temptation to other countries to follow its political or economic practices. In spite of the natural ingenuity and industry of its people, it has made comparatively little progress for many centuries, and pretty much everyin the way of modern developmen that has been accomplished within its lim its has been due to external principles, which he has taught us to be- or foreign capital. Chinese theories of government have resulted in a nation of bean men who are unable to hold their own with even the smaller nations around

Cheapness is not everything, Mr. Li Hung Chang, and we are not anxious to imitate Chinese models in this regard. Human be-ings may learn to live so cheaply that they can work for next to nothing, but there is danger that both humanity and national manhood may lose greatly by the process. It is not with the Irish alone that the Chinese are unpopular. No special affection is felt for them by any nationality. As to the Chinese being hated because of their 'high virtues,' Li Hung Chang must be perfectly aware that he is talking the veriest rub-bish. Nobody dislikes them for any such reason. It is the absence of "high vir-tues" in a large proportion of those who have come to this country that has excited popular prejudice quite as much as their cheap labor. The Chinese colonies enin some of our cities-notably that in San Francisco-present object les sons in immorality and degradation of the most startling and repulsive character. Th will not be greatly ruffled by Li Hung Chang's unfavorable comparison. They are among the best and most reliable ele of our population, and the country has rea. son to be proud of tuem. There is not a page of its history or a foot of its progress to which Irish pluck and intelligence have not contributed. To mention the Chinese in the same breath with a race which has distinguished itself in every quarter of the globe by its genius and its valor would not occur to any one but the representative of

a system which values men for their cheap-Such a criticism as that of Mr. Chang is below resentment. We are, nevertheless glad to see that members of the Washington police force declined to perform the menial office of carrying him in his sedan chair from the train to his carriage. The police are not appointed to act as flunkies to pig-tailed diplomats from the Orient. and whether the particular policemen who refused to perform this service were Irishdo not want the cheap labor you have in China. You have ground down labor there with Japan or any other country you will either have to change your methods of gov ernment or employ the Irish or other foreigners to fight your battles for you.

We fear the Chinese diplomat's head has been somewhat swelled by the attentions he has received in this and other civilized countries, and especially in New York city. It would be well for him to have the swelling reduced before he returns to China, or it may get him into difficulties. There

RIOTING AT ANDERSON

POLICE COMPELLED TO DRAW THEIR REVOLVERS ON A CROWD.

Drunken Muncie Man's Deed-Forger Young, of Connersville, Still Missing-Shooting Tournament Scores.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The State elebration of Labor day ended this evening in a riot, and for about an hour there seemed to be great danger that an attack would be made on the county jail, as a crowd of half-drunken glass blowers from Muncie were determined to effect the rescue of one of their friends who was held in custody. John Flarity, the prisoner in question, passed the Doxey House, walking in the roadway. He thrust his cane into the wheel of a bicycle ridden by a woman. She was thrown to the ground. Flarity's actions were witnessed by a large crowd of his cronies, who seemed to regard it as a good joke. Encouraged by their plaudits, a little further down the street he thrust his cane through the glass case of a peanut stand on the sidewalk. Chief of Police Coburn attempted to arrest Flarity, but he took to his heels. Sheriff Starr witnessed the attempt to arrest the Muncie man, and joined in the pursuit. Flarity was too drunk to run fast, and was soon over-

taken by the chief and the sheriff.

They had scarcely laid hands on him when they were surrounded by a mob of forty or fifty men, who attempted to rescue Flarity. Other policemen came running up, and the officers, fighting every step of the way, finally managed to get into the middle of the street, east of the courthouse. The yells and oaths of the fighting mob reached the ears of people two or three blocks away, and in an incredibly short time a thousand or more people were standing about the crowd trying to see what was happening. It was almost impossible for the officers to advance toward the jail so sharply was every inch of ground contested by the prisoner's beer-inflamed and determined friends. At last two of the officers saw that they were about to be overpowered, and drew their revolvers, but not until one of them had his face badly beaten and had his helmet knocked off.

"Look out!" some one yelled, "they are going to shoot!" The hundreds of spectators turned and fled in all directions and the fighting glass-blowers were somewhat dazed for a moment or two and separated far enough for the chief and another officer to slip away with the prisoners. While they hurried to the jail, two blocks away, the other officers kept the crowd at bay. In a moment or wo, however, the glass-blowers saw that bey were outwitted and broke around the officers and again started in pursuit. But they were outdistanced by the officers and Flarity was safely lodged in jail before they reached him. jail and sheriff's residence is surrounded by a high iron fence and the front ioor is reached by a flight of stone steps leading up from the street. Upon these steps the officers took their stand and determinedly kept the crowd down for a moment, but the men began scaling the They were met at the door by additional officers, who refused to give them admission to the building. There were loud and angry demands for Flarity's release and some of the more turbulent of crowd declared that they would break the doors down if he were not released in-

Dell Robinson, deputy sheriff of Muncie came up about this time and had a con ference with Sheriff Starr, who agreed to allow Flarity to leave upon the deposit of a cash bail. Robinson appealed to the crowd to disperse, promising to take Flar-ity to the train in time to return with his delegation. By and by they were calmed down somewhat, but left still highly inflamed with anger. Robinson made good his promise and Flarity returned with his His clothing was half torn from his body in the desperate struggle he made to get away, but he was not badly hurt.

MUNCIE GUN CLUB

Scores Made at the Annual Tournament-Dr. Britton's Work.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- At the eighth annual tournament of the Muncie Gun Club to-day the following scores were

Fifteen Birds-E. Cooley, Hartford City and J. L. Head, Peru, 15; W. B. Rosenbaum, Hartford City, and S. C. Griffith, Indianapolis, 14; G. E. Snyder, W. Leeson, Elwcod; W. H. Forbis, Hartford City, and Charles Proceedings of the Charles Process of the Charles of the Charles Process of the Charles Proctor, Union City, 13; E. Koontz, Union City; Charles Patty, Selma; J. Weber, Celina; T. H. Parry and Dr. Brit-ton. Indianapolis, 12; Goley Williamson, Muncie; M. M. See, Elwood; H. Heiney, Hartford City, and C. Bender, Muncie, II; H. Kettned, Muncie, 10; Byron Snell, Hart-ford City, 7; G. W. Craig, New Castle, 6; J. C. Yelton, New Castle, 3. Ten Birds-Leeson, 10; Bender, Williamson, Proctor and E. Cooley, 9; W. O. Cart-wright, of Anderson, and Weber, 8 each; See, Kistler, Snell, W. Cooley, of Hartford City, and Forbis, 7; Rosenbaum and Heiney, 6; F. Zelee, of Elwood, R. M. Clevenger, of Anderson, and Craig, 5. Twenty Birds-Head, 20; Parry, 19; Grifath and Charles Lockwood, of Southport 18: Rosenbaum, E. Cooley and Kistler, 17 Proctor, Heiney, Leeson, Snell, See and Snyder, 16; Britton, Bender and William-15; Forbis and Patty, 14; Dr. Martin, son, 15; Forbis and of Indianapolis, 13. Twenty-five Birds-Britton, 25; Lockwood,

24: Proctor and E. Cooley, 23; Head, Griffith and Leeson, 22; Weber, 19; Bender, 18; Williamson and Kistler, 17. Team Shoot at Fifteen Birds Each-E. coley, 15; Forbis, 14; total, 29. Sneil, 19; Rosenbaum, 14; total, 28. Lockwood, Proctor, 13; total, 27. Britton, 15; Perry, 9; total, 24. Head, 11; Griffith, 13; total, 24. Williamson, 12; total, 24, Ettner, 10; Snyder, 13; total, 23. Kissler, 11;

Fifteen Birds-Parry, Leeson, Beyton, losenbaum, 15; Snell, Weber, Proctor, Rosenbaum, 15; Snell, Weber, Frocks, Koontz and Griffith, 14; Williamson, Lock-wood, Bender, Head, 13; Tampsett, of Anderson, G. Pennville, H. Vandoson, of Anderson, G. Kotner, Snyder, 12; E. Cooley, 11; Zelee, Heiney, Spencer, of New Castle, W. S. of Chicago, 10; Patty and Birds-Bender, 20; Britton, Griffith, Lockwood and Williamson, 19; Parry, Ros-

enbaum and Forbis, 17; E. Cooley, 14; Mar-

Fifteen Birds-Britton, Griffith, Forbis ; Parry, Koontz, Snell, Kotner, 14; Lockwood, Bender, Van Dolsen, Rosenbaum and Goff, Williamson and Cooley, 12; 3: Snyder. Fifteen Birds-Lockwood, Griffith, Forbis and Proctor, 15; Leeson, Bender and Cooley, 14; Parry, See, Williamson and Van Dolsen, 13; Britton and Snell, 12;

Ten Birds-Parry, Lockwood, Griffith, Forbis and Leeson, 10; Britton, Koon Bender and E. Cooley, 9; Rosenbaum, 8. Britton, Koontz, Ten Birds-Bender, Lockwood and Leeson, 10: Britton, Griffith and Rosenbaum, 9: Williamson and Parry, 8. Leeson scored 142 out of 155; Britton, 146 out of 160.

YOUNG'S FORGERIES.

Nothing Heard of Him Since Disposal of the Bogus Paper.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CONNERSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Nothing has been heard of Col. W. G. Young since First National Bank and the Fayette Banking Company are each the loser to Stowe's did. the amount of \$49 by cashing forged checks drawn upon the treasurer of Cambridge City. Alexander Moyer, a merchant, is still mourning the loss of \$5 which he paid to Young for a check, supposed to have been issued by Jesse Chrisman, a substan-tial former and an uncle of Young. In an interview with Cashler James Moure, of the Fi st National, he stated that he would make no particular effort to secure the arrest of Young, as it would only entail additional expense with no chang to recover a cent. Young is well known in many parts of the State in Sons of Veterans circles, where he secured his title of "Colonel." He has held prominent positions in this organization and until recently was a very active worker. He was formerly a school teacher, but owing to his desire for intoxicating drinks lost his are being ventilated, and many bubbles that for a time attracted the public eye are exploded. In none of his campaigns have people turned out, Mr. Johnson says, as during the present one. The audiences are made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike made up of men of all parties, who alike the forged checks in this city drawn on lie, the bright lad.

In the campaign from the body. In this country we have a simpler method of curing the trouble. We position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has since worked at different things. A short time ago he secured a conting the position and has cannot have the position and has a conting the position and has cannot have the position and has cann

the Cambridge City treasurer. The sympathy of the community is with his family. Dr. Goode a New Albany Boy.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW ALBANY, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Dr. George Brown Goode, assistant secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, who died in Washington, D. C., Sept. 6, was a native of this city, having been born in New Albany in 1851. His father was Mr. Frank Goode and his mother Sarah Crane Goode, both representatives of old families in New Albany, and highly respected in the civil and social life of thus city. In addition to the positions of honor mentioned in press dispatches as having been occupied by Dr. George Brown Goode, he was in charge of the Smithsonian Institution shows at the world's fair of 1884-85, in New Orleans, While Dr. Goods was yet a boy his parents While Dr. Goode was yet a boy his parents, who were also born in Indiana, moved to

Cincinnati, and thence to Florida. Died After Her Mother's Funeral.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, 1cd., Sept. 7 .- Last Friday Mrs. Margaret Cather, one of the oldest women in this county, died while in this city shopping. Mrs. Belle Cather Elliott, one of her daughters, attended the funeral to-day and rode in a closed cab to and from the cemetery. As she was leaving the cab, after returning to the Cather home, she dropped from the step and before she could be taken into the house was dead. Heart disease was the cause of both deaths. She was thirty years of age and has three children. Her funeral will take place to-mor-row from the old home from which her mother's body was taken yesterday. women were to all appearances in the best

Preliminary to School Opening ..

special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Sunday evening, at the Fifth-street Presbyterian Church, union services were held as a preparation for the beginning of the city schools, which opened this morning. All of the Protestant ministers of the city participated, and the teachers attended in a body. Rev. E. R. Vest, of the Methodist Church, preached to the teachers and pu-pils, and Rev. J. N. Jessup, of the Chris-tian Church, preached to the parents. All denominations were in attendance and music was furnished by members of the

Found Dead in Bed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DALEVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Jacob A Latshaw, aged thirty-seven years, a wellknown harness dealer of this place, was found dead in bed this morning at his shop. Dr. O. W. Brandon was appointed deputy coroner. An autopsy was held which revealed a fatty degeneration and hypertrophy of the heart, with detached fibro-fatty clots therein, which accounted for Latshaw's death.

Serious Charge Against Bakers. special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DANVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7.-Richard Bruene and Fred Ferren, partners in the bakery business, were arrested to-day on the charge of hiring Walter Wall, a seventeen-year-old boy, to put an ounce of quicksilver into the dough of Ehrhardt & Gohl, rival bakers. Ehrhardt & Gohl do not belong to the bakers' union. In default of \$1,000 ball Bruene and Ferren were commit-

Two Churches Robbed. pecial to the Indianapolis Journal

VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 7.-Burglars entered St. Francis Xavier Cathedral and St. John's German Catholic Church Sunday night and carried off the silver chalices and other sacred property from the altars and also broke open the contribution boxes and carried away the contents, the value of which is not known.

Neck Broken by a Buggy Wheel. special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Alderman John Schultz last night, while unhitching his horse from a buggy, got his head fast in the wheel. The horse started and broke the alderman's neck. He was found dead

this morning. The wheel had to be re-moved from the buggy before his head

Failure at Kingsbury.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. LA PORTE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Closser Bros. general merchants at Kingsbury, this county, assigned to J. Vene Dorland to-day. Assets, \$2,500; liabilities, \$3,500. Cause, inability to collect accounts.

One of Lincoln's Postmasters Dend.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Marion A Salisbury, one of the most prominent business men of this city, died this morning, aged sixty years. He was postmaster durng Lincoln's first term, and in business hirty-six years.

Indiana Notes.

The Gibson county fair opened in Prince on yesterday. It promises to be a success On Saturday night John Lukes and Rob-ert Kelley, in jall at Hartford City on a charge of robbery, and Ed Davis, alias Toban, charged with larceny, escaped, and at last advices had not been recaptured. A great deal of excitement was caused i Blackford county among farmers by the report of a local veterinary surgeon that a were sick with contageous pleuro-pneu monia. Dr. Bolser, the State veterinarian made an investigation and found there was neither pleuro-pneumonia nor any

other contageous disease. The Madison County Teachers' Institut is in session at Elwood, with three hundred teachers present, and the indications are that it will be the most successful held for several years. A number of prominent ducators are present, and lectures will be held each night at the opera house, where the institute is being held. It will last at week, and it is thought that fully four hun dred teachers will be enrolled before the

AN ESTIMATE OF MRS. STOWE.

session ends.

Ranked Next to Hawthorne as a Nov elest-Her Weakness.

The Bookman. We have been somewhat surprised to note that in all the comments which her death has called forth, the merits of Tom's Cabin" have been allowed absolutely to obscure the beauty and depth of charm of much besides that she has written. I is true that few, if any women among all who have lived, have accomplished a great-er work by the writing of one book, for it was "Uncle Tom's Cabin," more than any cause, that broke the fetters of the slaves The book itself is full of genius, a Spagno Minister's Wooing." "The Pearl of Minister's Wooing." "The Minister's Wooing." letto book, as Macaulay called it. But "The Minister's Wooing," "The Pearl of Orr's island," especially the touching, noble, and profound "Old Town Folks," are among the best gifts contributed to literature America, and it is to us quite inexplicable that, in the present rage of idylls, such works have been overlooked-works so ten der, so accomplished, so religious. We should not dream of putting any American novelist near her with the single exception of Hawthorne. The history of literature we cannot but think that there is a future for some of the neglected books of Mrs. Beecher Stowe. Her character was in keeping with her works, although she had weaknesses of the Beecher family, the weakness in her case being an inordinate love of gossip, which appears in her silly "Sunny Memories," and in her thoroughly unwholesome Byron publications. That she repeated the story told her by Mrs. Byron cannot be doubted, but those who redit the tale, although an extremely able writer in the Saturday Review accepted it, and supported it in articles which have seldom been surpassed for their trenchant vigor. The true reason of the separation very probably lies in another and a quite different direction, and we must wait a few years before the story his recent escapade of disposing of forged is told. It is a story which will profoundpaper to his own financial interest. The ly affect various reputations and positions, but it leaves Byron more human a great deal, and more pardonable than Mrs.

Bryan's Recklessness.

Poston Transcript. General Harrison, in his vigorous speech at New York, said that a President of the United States so disposed could put this country on a silver basis in a week by simply letting the gold reserve run out. Mr. Bryan, in his speech at Findlay, O., last Wednesday, told his hearers that if he was elected gold would not remain the standard of the country one moment longer than he could help to get rid of it. In this light way does the Popocrat candidate speak of changing the monetary system of a Nation of 70,000,000 people.

Words and Their Uses.

Philadelphia North American.

ARRESTED BY WEYLER

MANY PROMINENT MEN IN CUBA SUMMARILY SENT TO PRISON.

Several Americans Among the Number-None Allowed to Communicate with Their Friends.

HAVANA, Sept. 7 .- The work of arrestirg people charged with conspiring against the government continues here. Last week the American colony was startled by the arrest of Mr. Samuel S. Tolon, a naturalized American, and a prominent merchant of Cardenas, who was captured on board the Ward-line steamer Seneca as she was on the point of sailing to the United States. Yesterday a magistrate, Senor Gonzales Llanusa, was taken into custody and placed in solitary confinement. The same day a prominent lawyer, Senor Alberto Zayas, a brother of the well-known General of that name, was also placed in secret confiement, and to-day the arrest is announced of Senors Enrique Lama and Ignacio Lama, brothers: Senor Hernandez, an American, and Herr Hubert Blank, a German, director of the Academy of Music here. All the persons mentioned are detained incommunicado-that is to say, they are not allowed to communicate with their frineds or with counsel. Sooner or later, it is to be presumed, they will be shipped to some penal settlement, and that will be the last

heard of them. It is reported here that the Captain Gen-eral has formed a new plan of campaign which is certain to end the insurrection one way or the other. If rumor in this case turns out to be founded on facts some thirty Spanish steamers loaded with troops will arrive here before the end of month and an overpowering military cor-don or drag net will be formed of all the troops available, stretching a line, practi-cally, of armed men, backed by a second and a third reserve line, from north to south, and which will be drawn from one end of the island to the other, thus cornering the insurgents and compelling them to ight a pitched battle The police yesterday seized a number of important documents connected with the revolutionary movement and it is understood that this will result in a number of additional arrests of important personages.

LABOR'S GREAT DAY.

(Concluded from First Page.) striking employes of the Brown hoisting company. Carey L. Smith, of this city, was the last speaker of the day.

AT MUNCIE NEXT YEAR. At a meeting of the State officers last night Muncie was chosen as the place for holding the State celebration next year, on a vote of 31 for Indianapolis and 34 for Muncie. Elwood dropped out. Leaders said yesterday that Indianapolis will not participate in a demonstration away from home hereafter, as the experiences of yesterday demonstrate that the smaller cities cannot properly arrange for blg labor meetings. It is likely that Labor day will be celebrated by Indianapolis unions at home next year.

Gompers's Morning Speech. pecial to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., Sept. 7.-Samuel Gompers made an address this morning at the Anderson Normal University, upon invitation of President W. M. Croan. His morning address was upon much the same lnes as that made at Riverside Park in the afternoon on the labor question.

THE INDIANAPOLIS PARADE. In Immense Crowd Watch the Union Men Go By.

The demonstration which organized labor made in this city yesterday as preliminary to the excursion to Anderson showed that the work of the Labor day committee had been well and thoroughly done. For several weeks the committee had been working as a whole and through numerous subcommittees to insure a successful celebration of the day both in this city and in Anderson. The work was eminently satisfactory in every respect. The word was passed around among the various labor organizations, and members of the committee waited upon the organizations in their meetings, and the matter of the celebration was thoroughly familiar with all, so that when the time came for the parade yesterday morning, which was to be the beginning of the day's exercises, and the end, so far as Indianapolis was concerned, everybody was ready and prepared to make

a fine showing. All the organizations which participted in the parade as organizations had some distinctive insignia by which their occupation was made known. Some wore special uniforms prepared for the occasion. The painters were especially attractive, dressed in neat white suits, trousers and blouse such as are used by the craft. The ladies composing the United Garment Makers also made a fine showing. They occupied carriages. The other unions were in line in the best of style, and all made a creditable

showing. The parade started exactly at 8:30 o'clock, as the committee had announced it would. There were none of the customary delays waiting for tardy unions to appear in their places. Nearly all who were to participate were on hand, but if they were not there they were "left at the post." The line of march was as advertised, west from Alabe ma and Washington streets to Delaware, orth to Ohio, west to Meridian, south to Washington, west to Illinois and south to the Union Station. The streets were almost totally blocked along the line of march. The thousands of people who came to the city from the

surrounding cities and country made it a

both the Labor day and the circus parade which was to follow it. Other thousands were on the streets for the purpose of eing the Labor day parade It required the united effort of all the day and night police forces to keep a space open for the street cars, and to make an opening for the parade as it passed along. So great was the demand for officers that the platoon of police, composed of men picked for the purpose, which was to head he parade had to be assigned to the more important duty of assisting in the handling of the crowds. Superintendent Colbert and four officers headed the parade. A brass band was, of course, at the head don and next to the band came the Typo-

following the police, and in the first divigraphical Union. There were seventy-five They were followed by Pressmen and the others in the order given the formation as previously publish he parade was in four divisions. Charles Burgen was grand marshal. The first vision was under the con mand of Charles ster; the second division under J. Madden, and the third under Peter Hammerie. The fourth division was made up of | tories were closed to-day, but there was no agons rigged up with advertising devices. The most conspicuous person in this division was Reuben Glue, who had war paint on, and tried to fool the people into be-ieving he was an Indian. The small boys penetrated his disguise, however, and his lentity was heralded down the line At the Union Station a Big Four train of twelve coaches was waiting, and those in line filled up the train and were carried to Anderson, where the State celebration of the day was held. Another train carrying the Labor day excursionists left at

ELSEWHERE IN THE STATE. Big Crowd and a Successful Celebration at Marion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The city of Marion never saw a larger crowd than assembled here to-day to participate in the Labor-day exercises and witness the parade: The streets were crowded, and the early trains brought delegations from Bluffton, Wabash, Hartford City, Peru, Bunker Hill, while all the smaller towns seemed to have emptied themselves into the city. The business houses were all closed and flags and bunting strung across the main streets. Along the line of march the altitude had an early hour by the sons of toil and their elaborately. A conservative estimate of the crowd would place the number at 28,000. The parade moved promptly at 10 column and the parade moved promptly a The parade moved promptly at 10 o'clock, with Chief Marshal Rearden at the head. Four bands were in the procession.

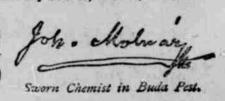
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glass-workers from Gas City, Fairmount and Sweetser were in line. Prominent in the parade were the employes of the Gas City tin-plate works, where 500 men are employed. Over 400 of these were in line, leaders.

Carried Their Enemy's Picture. bearing a huge piece of tin plate, eight by ten feet, upon which they had written the one word "Protection." Everywhere along the line it was greeted with tremendous It took the parade forty-five cheering. minutes to pass a given point. One hundred and fourteen wagons, representing different industries and firms, were in the procession. At the fair grounds this afternoon Mayor L. A. Van Belwen welcomed the visitors in behalf of the city, and Rev. S. S. Condo and Rev. John Merritte Durer spoke. At the conclusion of the speeches there took place a grand open-air cake walk. This was followed by bicycle and

At Terre Haute.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- The celebration of Labor day under the auspices of the Central Labor Union was on a larger scale than ever before. More men were in the parade and a larger crowd at the fair grounds, where there was speaking and races of various kinds. To-day the brewery was not in evidence, as heretofore, in the parade. In past years it made a display, and men drinking beer in wagons was a feature that disgusted the workingmen. This year the brewery bosses, who have been trying to get control of organized labor here were told to stend eside. No labor here, were told to stand aside. No beer or whisky was sold at the fair grounds. Eugene Debs presided at the speaking meeting at the fair grounds, and Thomas J. Morgan, of Chicago, was the

principal speaker. No Celebration at Muncie. Special to the Indianapolis Journa

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Muncle had no Labor-day celebration, although the city is the best organized with labor unions in Indiana. The celebration was abandoned in the interest of Anderson, as Muncie is the candidate for next year's State celebration, and sent over 1,000 people to Anderson to help celebrate and look for the '97 celebration. A couple hundred people went to Eaton, where a big celebration was held, at which Hon. John L. Griffiths, of Indianapolis, made a Republican speech. Nearly all factories closed, and business here was generally suspended.

At Batesville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BATESVILLE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Labor day was observed here to-day. All furniture factories and business houses generally were closed, and the national colors were afloat. Hon. W. W. Lambert, of Columbus, Ind., was the orator of the day. The St. Clair Hall was well filled with an attentive audience. Mr. Lambert spoke one hour and a half on the political issues of the day and made an excellent spech. After the speech the hall was cleared and was the speech the hall was cleared and was followed by a grand ball.

Picnie at Fort Wayne.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 7 .- Labor day was quite generally observed here to-day, all public buildings being closed and fac-tories shut down. A big picnic was held in Robinson's Park, six miles from this city. which was attended by fifteen thousand people. James O'Connell, president of the International Association of Machinists, delivered an address

LETTER CARRIERS PARADED. Feature of the Labor-Day Celebration

at Grand Rapids. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 7 .- The parade by the Letter Carriers' National Association was the great feature of Labor day here. There were 2,370 men in line, including six bands. More than half of the marchers were from Chicago, Postmaster in uniform. The New York branch of the association was represented by 34 men; Cleveland, 80; Toledo, 60; Milwaukee, 50; Philadelphia, 48; Detroit, 140, and most of the Michigan cities by their full force No business sessions were held to-day but a meeting was held to-night. The addresses of welcome were made by Post-master Carroll and Mayor Stowe, of this city, with a response by the president of the association, Richard F. Quinn, of Philadelphia. Short addresses we

by Postmaster Enright, of Detroit; Post-master Hesing, of Chicago, and Congressman Smith, of this district, and others.

At McKinley's Home CANTON, O., Sept. 7 .- There was no formal Labor day demonstration in Canton, although there was a general cessation of work. Organized labor of Canton joined in demonstrations in near-by cities. Many buildings about the city are decorated. About the first and most notable decora-tion in honor of the day was made at the McKinley home. It was a magnificent American flag set flying to the breeze with the earliest morning sunbeams

A telephone message received at the Mo Republican headquarters announced that when the Labor day parade passed the auditorium there were great cheers for Mc-Kinley. The Ohlo Republican editors will Kinley. The Ohio Republican editors will visit Canton to-morrow and pay their re-spects to Major McKinley.

No Procession at New York. NEW YORK, Sept. 7 .- Business was generally suspended and workshops and facprocession to mark the recurrence of Laor day in this city. Those who were leased from their customary toll spent the over the tape yesterday in the White City day, for the most part, in the parks, ex-cursions or at ball games, rowing regattas. horse races or athletic contests, which took place in or near the city. Practically the same conditions existed in Brooklyn. In Yonkers the day was made notable by the laying of the cornerstone of the Hollywood fin building, a structure which is designed to supply the workingmen a place of resort which shall be more attractive than the salcons.

Wore Striking Costumes. CINCINNATI, Sept. 7 .- Labor day was celebrated here by a quite general cessation of business and by a parade of grander dimensions than usual. Nearly all the la-

bor organizations participated, and many of them made handsome appearances by striking costumes. There were also repre-sentations of some branches of mechanical industry of interesting character. 30,000 Paraded at Chicago. CHICAGO, Sept. 7 .- The labor organizations of Chicago celebrated Labor day with a parade in which probably 30,000 men participated, practically every trades union in the city being represented. The weather

man's holiday and all public offices, the Board of Trade and many down-town stores remained closed all day. The chief

The attraction of the day was the speech of

Carried Their Enemy's Picture.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 7 .- Labor day in this city was celebrated by a monster parade of workingmen, in which it was estimated that from 10,000 to 15,000 persons took part. A feature of the demonstration was a number of marchers representing many colored slaves and tramps, illustrating their views of the present condition of the workingmen. Among the transparencies carried was one which read: "Will capital and was one which read: "Will capital and labor get together?" Another: "We still live." An immense float carried a big picture of William J. Bryan, which was festooned with American flags.

Amusements at the Capital. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.-Labor day was celebrated here with the usual street parade and picnic and excursions by several union organizations. The weather was perfect, and an unusual number of sporting and other events served to bring out large crowds. Two games of baseball with the St. Louis team, a number of bicycle races at the International Park and two circus performances furnished entertainment for many thousands. The day passed without incident.

Obituary.

BUFFALO, Sept. 7.-George Sherma formerly of Chicago, one of the bestrallroad freight agents in United States, died in this city to-day of cerebral meningitis, principally the result of a runaway accident two weeks ago. Mr Sherman jumped from his carriage, alight-LONDON, Sept. 7.—Sir Joseph Archer Crowe, the commercial attache of Great Britain at Paris, is dead. He was born in

1840 and was formerly consul-general at Leipsic and Dusseldorf and commercial attache at Berlin and Vienna. NEW YORK, Sept. 7 .- Alfred B. Darling, member of the firm of Hitchcock, Darling & Co., proprietors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, of this city, is dead, at the age of

seventy-six years. Whose Business Is It?

New York Commercial Advertiser. Would it not be well for authoresses to refix "Mrs." or "Miss" to their names? One hardly likes to refer to them familiarly as "Mary," "Lillian" or "Gertrude," and it is dangerous to determine for them whether they are married or single. Yet it is the almost invariable habit of woman authors to give only their names to their works, leaving the perplexed reviewer to gueswhether they are mains or matrons. With the charming assurance of their sex, they take it for granted that they are known to the world, and that any mistake as to their domestic condition is a premeditated insult. I, for one, am not personally acquainted with all the women who write

clever books. I wish I were.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Arrived: Mobile, from London; Cevic, from Liverpool; Anchoria, from Glasgow; Kingston, from Ant-

werp. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—Arrived: Algeria, from New York, HAMBURG, Sept. 7 .- Arrived: Phoenicia, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7.-Arrived: Labra-dor, from Montreal.

Mrs. Oelrichs and Miss Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Herman Delrichs and her sister, Miss Virginia Fair, arrived from the East last evening and are domiciled in the family residence, orner of Pine and Jones streets. Herman Delrichs did not accompany them, but will probably follow in a few days. Both ladies are anxious to have their testimony in the inquiry as to the validity of their dead father's will taken as soon as possible.

Tribute to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Mr. Yang Yu, Chinese Minister, with several members of the Chinese legation, went to Mount Vernon to-day and placed upon the tomb of Washington the magnificent wreath of cameilla leaves and orchids which Li Hung hang had intended taking there in person last Saturday, when prevented by rain

"Raised" It to 60,000. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 7.—The Commercial-Appeal's Little Rock correspondent telegraphs that the Democratic majority in Arkansas will reach sixty thousand. This is a Democratic gain of more than 35,000, as compared with the gubernatorial election two years ago, and the largest majority ever given in the State.

Mrs. Dukane-Don't you think Nellie is

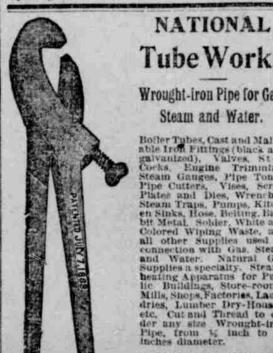
Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Mrs. Gaswell—What has she done lately?
Mrs. Dukane—She is wearing a mouse-A Long Ride. New York World.

Miss Leftover-Yes, I am very fond of the wheel. I have ridden a half century. Mr. Gettitwrong-Really? I didn't know they had been invented that long.

Is Hill Still a Democrat? Rochester Post-Express. The conundrum of David B. Hill's attitude remains unsolved. It begins to be

suspected that he has lost his tag. The handle-bar on the Timms blcycle



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Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malle-able Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine Trimming, Cocks, Engine Trimming, Steam Ganges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Beiting, Babbit Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water. Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steamheating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-Houses, etc. Cut and Thread to oretc. Cut and Thread to or-der any size Wrought-iron Pipe, from ¼ inch to 12 Inches diameter.

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